# IOmark-VM





# HP MSA 2040

Test Report: VM-140304-1a

Test Report Date: 4, March 2014



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# **Executive Summary**

IOmark is a storage specific workload and benchmark designed to test storage systems performance using a variety of real world, application centric workloads. The IOmark-VM benchmark is a specific workload, which measures Server Virtualization workloads (VMs) run against storage systems. Results are published after audit and certified approval by IOmark authorized auditors.

This document is the official benchmark report for the tested configuration using HP's MSA 2040 storage system. The result of the benchmark showed the tested MSA 2040 configuration supported 104 virtual machines at a cost of \$393.52 per VM, meeting the read and write response time averages required. In addition IOmark-VM requires several hypervisor operations as part of the benchmark, including "Clone and Deploy" and vMotion. HP's MSA 2040 exceeded the required minimums for these operations as indicated.

The criteria and performance requirements are as follows, with a full description of the benchmark and workloads available in Appendix A:

- For all application workloads:
  - Workloads are scaled in sets of 8 workloads
  - o 70% of response times for I/O's must not exceed 30ms
  - o All storage must reside on the storage system under test
  - o The replay time must complete within 1 hour and 15 seconds for each 1 hour workload
- For hypervisor operations:
  - Each set of 21 workloads must run 1 instance of the following workloads:
    - Clone, deploy, boot, software upgrade, VM deletion
    - Storage migration (aka Storage vMotion) between storage volumes

The rest of this report is dedicated to reporting on the product tested, configuration and results

# **Vendor Supplied Product Description**

HP's MSA 2040 Storage arrays represented the fourth generation of the MSA product family. Designed specifically to deliver best-in-class performance to support the ever increasing workloads resulting from consolidation and virtualization initiatives facing small and midsized companies. MSA continues to addresses entry-level shared storage needs for HP ProLiant and BladeSystem customers.

Key MSA 2040 Product attributes include:

- Dual controller, active-active architecture
- Two Controllers available, each with 4GB cache:
  - 4-Port Converged SAN Controller
  - o SFP modules for 8Gb FC, 16Gb FC, 1GbE iSCSI and 10GbE iSCSI
  - Support for Native FC or iSCSI or mixed-mode traffic
  - o 4-Port 6/12Gb SAS Controller
- Support for the latest Enterprise and Midline SAS hard drives and Solid State Drives
- Models available to accommodate up to 199 SFF or 96 LFF drives. Base array plus up to 7 disk expansions.

- MSA 2040 Data Services:
  - o 64 Snapshots & Volume Copy (standard), Upgrade to 512 Snapshots optional
  - o Remote Snapshot Replication license (optional)
  - o Data-in-Place upgrades from the previous generation MSA (P2000 G3)

### **IOmark-VM Result Details**

For the tested configuration, the following data is provided

Item	Value	
Testing Identifier:	VM-140304-1a	
Product:	HP MSA 2040	
Test Sponsor:	Hewlett-Packard Development Company, L.P.	
Auditor:	Evaluator Group Inc.	

**Table 1: Test Identifier Information** 

Item	Value
IOmark-VM Version:	Version: IOmark-VM 3.2.12
Testing Completed:	October, 2013
Equipment Availability:	June, 2013
Audit Certification Date:	27, February 2014
Report Date:	4, March 2014

**Table 2: Test Revision and Dates** 

### **IOmark-VM Results**

Shown below are the IOmark-VM results for the system under test. The definition and workload characteristics of the benchmark are provided in Appendix A.

Price information provided below is explained in detail in Table 7 later in this report.

Table 3 below shows an overview of the IOmark-VM results.

IOmark-VM Total VM's	IOmark-VM Response Avg.	Tested Useable Capacity	Tested RAID Level	Total Price	IOmark-VM : \$ / VM
104	2.49 ms.	6.9 TB	RAID-5	\$40,926.00	\$393.52

**Table 3: IOmark-VM Result Summary** 

The results detailed below in Table 4 provide more information regarding the passing results of the tested storage system. The total virtual machines supported is shown above in Table 3, based on supporting IOmark-VM workload sets shown in Table 4 below. As described, applications sets of eight workloads must be run together for passing results.

The vCenter operation values are also shown below, with two components being reported. The "Clone and Deploy" portion of the workload creates a clone from a specific VM template, starts the VM running and then upgrades its version of VMware tools installed. The reported value indicates how many operation cycles were completed during the 1-hour test run. Similarly, the storage vMotion value reported indicates how many migration cycles were completed during the 1-hour test run. A combined score is calculated, known as the "Hypervisor Workload Score," which is the ratio of reported results to the minimum required results. The minimum numbers of vCenter operations for passing the test are 6 clone and deploy and 3 storage vMotion operations respectively.

Details of passing results shown below in Table 4:

IOmark-VM Application Sets	Read Resp. Average	Write Resp. Average	# vCenter Clone and Deploy	# vCenter storage vMotion	Hypervisor Workload Score (1 - inf.)
13	7.56 ms.	1.15 ms.	8	5	2.8

**Table 4: IOmark-VM Result Details** 

# **Tested Configuration Details**

This section covers the connectivity, configuration and pricing information for the system under test.

# **Storage Configuration for IOmark-VM Workload**

- A total of 40 SCSI logical units (LUNs) were created on the HP MSA 2040
- VMFS was the datastore type, with "VMFS 5" chosen
- Each application set was allocated from thickly provisioned LUNs according to the requirements specified in Table 8 in Appendix A.

### **Configuration items**

Detailed VMware configuration parameters for the system under test, including connectivity are provided below in Table 5.

Storage System Parameter	Value
Number of interfaces to the storage system:	4 (8 available, 4 utilized)
Connectivity to the storage system:	16 Gb FC
Hypervisor storage protocol used:	FCP (SCSI over Fibre Channel Protocol)
Hypervisor version:	VMware ESXi 5.1
Thin provisioning:	Not utilized in VMFS
Hypervisor Storage Access:	VMFS datastore
Datastore Filesystem:	VMFS 5 – 1 MB block size
VAAI:	VAAI supported
SATP:	VMW_SATP_ALUA
PSP:	VMW_PSP_RR
Total capacity of system allocated to IOmark-VM:	6.9 TB

**Table 5: VMware Configuration Parameters** 

Detailed Storage System configuration parameters for the storage system under test, including connectivity are provided below in Table 6.

Storage System Parameter	Value
Total raw capacity of system under test (SUT)	7.6 TB
Thin provisioning:	Not utilized on HP MSA 2040
RAID Level(s)	Three - RAID 5 groups (stripe size of 64 KB)
Total Cache Capacity:	8 GB (4 GB per controller)
Read Cache	Adaptive Read Ahead
Write Cache:	Writeback
VAAI Features Enabled:	Yes
- Block Zero	Yes
- Full Copy	Yes
- HW Locking	Yes
- NAS Clone	N/A
- NAS Reserve	N/A
Automated tiering within the storage system:	Not available or not utilized
Deduplication or compression of data:	Not available or not utilized
Storage system clones / writeable snapshots:	Not available or not utilized
Type of storage system clone:	N/A
Storage Media Utilized:	-
- SSD's	4
- 15K RPM	20
- 10K RPM	0
- 7.2K RPM	0

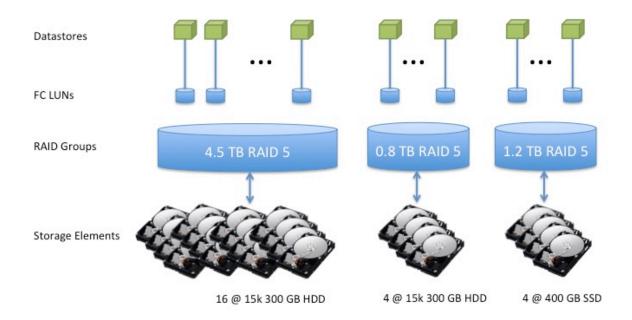
**Table 6: Storage System Configuration Parameters** 

# **Configuration Diagram**

The logical data layout of the test configuration is shown below in Figure 2.

### HP MSA 2040 Configuration:

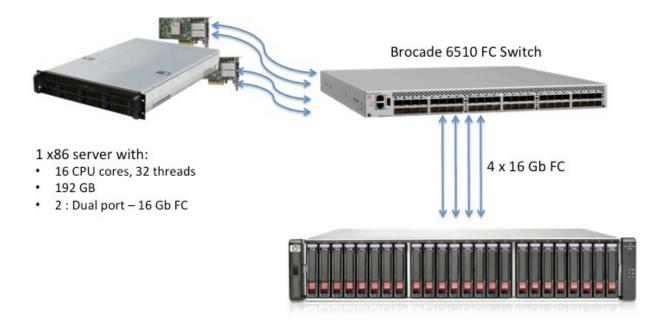
- 3 VRAID groups
  - 1 VRAID controller A (SSD)
  - 2 VRAIDs controller B (HDD)
- Multiple LUNs / VRAID



**Figure 2: Logical System Configuration** 

# **Connectivity**

The host to storage connectivity used during testing was FC, utilizing 4 @ 16 Gb FC connections between the physical hosts and switch, and 4 @ 16 Gb FC between the switch and the storage system. A diagram is shown below in Figure 3.



HP MSA 2040 Storage System (SUT)

**Figure 3: Physical System Connectivity** 

# **Tested Configuration Pricing**

Item	Description	Qty	List Price
1	HP MSA 2040 Base System	1	\$11,070
2	HP 15K SFF 300 GB Disk Module	20	\$12,980
3	HP 400 GB SSD - 2.5 "Disk Module	4	\$16,076
4	MSA 8 Gb SFP+ 4 pack	2	\$800
Sub Total			\$40,926
Total	List Price		\$40,926.00

**Table 7: IOmark-VM Price Information** 

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# **Detailed Results**

IOmark-VM performance results are measured by application workload. The eight applications that comprise a workload set are shown below in Table 8, with average response times reported per application type.

Application Workload	Avg. Response Time
DVD Store DB	2.0 ms
Exchange Mail Server	6.3 ms
Olio Database Server	0.9 ms
Olio Web Server	3.4 ms
DVD Store Web App 1	0.6 ms
DVD Store Web App 2	0.6 ms
DVD Store Web App 3	0.6 ms
Windows Standby	0.6 ms

**Table 8: Application Workload Response Times** 

IOmark-VM Test Identifier: VM-140304-1a

# Appendix A - IOmark-VM Overview

The ability to recreate a known workload is important for comparing a system against potential alternatives. Establishing a reference or benchmark workload enables system vendors as well as resellers and IT users to compare several systems utilizing a known workload.

Specifically, the IOmark-VM benchmark recreates a storage workload that typically occurs in a virtual infrastructure environment. The workload is non-synthetic and recreates several applications that are commonly found in virtualized server environments.

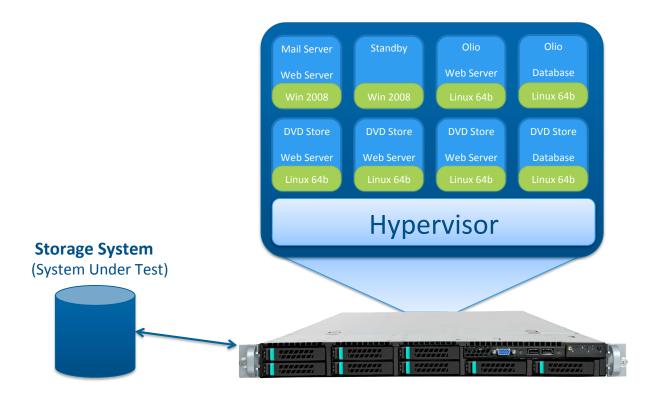


Figure 1: IOmark-VM Conceptual Overview

### **IOmark-VM Measurements and Use**

Datacenters running applications in a virtual infrastructure contain multiple workloads running on a virtualization platform. Often multiple physical servers share the resources of a single storage system providing primary storage for both virtual machine OS and applications.

Currently, several benchmarks have been developed that focus on the server aspects of infrastructure, including the CPU, memory and I/O bandwidth capabilities of the infrastructure. However, there has been no corresponding development of standardized workloads designed to drive storage workloads for these application environments.

By establishing a set of standard applications and capturing their I/O streams, it is possible to recreate application based storage workloads for these complex environments. IOmark-VM is designed utilizing these concepts, and as such is the first benchmark designed to accurately generate application

workloads for storage systems, enabling direct comparison of storage system configurations and their ability to support a specific number of applications.

Additionally, IOmark-VM realizes that a significant impact on storage may occur from administrative functions common in virtual infrastructures. For this reason, several hypervisor-based functions are a part of the IOmark-VM workload. These additional operations include; cloning a virtual machine, booting a VM and updating software, while also migrating a virtual machine from one storage volume to another.

### **How IOmark-VM Operates**

IOmark-VM uses the concept of workload replay. I/O streams are captured from actual running applications and then "replayed" so that the exact sequence and I/O commands are issued. This allows the creation of a workload that is indistinguishable from an actual workload to the system under test, while being reproducible and requiring fewer resources. Additionally, the test environment is less expensive, easier and faster to create since actual applications are not required. Because CPU and memory are not consumed running applications, a much higher I/O workload may be generated with a set of server resources than is possible using native applications. This ratio is typically 10: 1, but may vary.

In Figure 1 on the previous page, a single set of applications is depicted running on a single physical host in a virtual infrastructure. In order to scale up the workload on a storage system, additional applications sets may be added to the same, or to other physical hosts. The only limitations to the scale of the test are the physical infrastructure supporting the workload. Sufficient, CPU, memory and I/O capabilities must be available to run additional workload sets.

Unlike artificial workload generation tools, IOmark-VM recreates accurate read vs. write and random vs. sequential I/O requests. Another measurement of IOmark-VM is that it creates accurate access patterns, thus enabling storage cache algorithms to work properly.

Finally, IOmark-VM maintains an accurate ratio of performance to capacity as workloads are scaled, ensuring that storage performance is measured with respect to storage capacity accurately. As a result, IOmark-VM maintains an accurate ratio of I/O to capacity, producing results applicable to IT users.

# **Benchmark Application Workload Set**

A concept utilized for testing multiple applications is that of "Application sets", also known as "tiles." A set of 8 applications is run together, along with several common hypervisor infrastructure operations. In order to scale the workload up and place a higher load on the storage system, additional application sets are run. Application sets are always run together for official benchmark results, along with a defined set of infrastructure operations.

The specific applications comprising a workload set are detailed below in Table 1.

Application	Guest OS	Storage Capacity / Instance
Microsoft Exchange 2007	Microsoft Windows Server 2008, Enterprise, 64 bit	80 GB
Olio Database	SuSE Linux Enterprise Server 11, 64bit	14 GB
Olio Web server	SuSE Linux Enterprise 11, 64bit	80 GB
Idle Windows Server	Microsoft Windows Server 2003 SP2 Enterprise Edition, 32-bit	10 GB
DVD Store Database	SuSE Linux Enterprise 11, 64bit	45 GB
DVD Store Web Server 1	SuSE Linux Enterprise 11, 64bit	10 GB
DVD Store Web Server 2	SuSE Linux Enterprise 11, 64bit	10 GB
DVD Store Web Server 3	SuSE Linux Enterprise 11, 64bit	10 GB
Hypervisor Clone & Deploy	N/A - VMware vCenter required	15 GB
Hypervisor Storage Migration	N/A - VMware vCenter required	30 GB
		Total = 305 GB

**Table 8: IOmark-VM Application Overview** 

The total capacity required for each set of applications is approximately 305 GB of capacity. Each additional workload set requires an additional 305 GB of capacity.

#### **Workload Details**

The Olio application consists of both a database server, and a web client running on different virtual machines with a pre-loaded data set. For more details on Olio see: <a href="http://incubator.apache.org/olio/">http://incubator.apache.org/olio/</a>

The DVD application consists of a single database server along with three web clients, each running on a different virtual machine using predefined workload and data set. For more details on the publicly available DVD database application see: http://linux.dell.com/dvdstore/

The Exchange server is a Microsoft messaging and email server. Only the server portion of Exchange is recreated in this workload set, with the client workloads not being a part of the I/O, only indirectly through their requests to the messaging server.

The two hypervisor workloads are based on common operations performed in virtual infrastructure environments and require the availability of a VMware vCenter server to perform the operations.

### **Understanding Results**

IOmark-VM produces results indicating the response time of a storage system given a particular workload. Based on established criteria, these results in turn dictate how many total virtual machine sets are supported by a specific storage configuration and the average response time. The report is audited for accuracy and issued by Evaluator Group, Inc., an independent storage analyst firm.

### **Benchmark Criteria**

IOmark has established the benchmark criteria for the IOmark-VM workload. The performance requirements are established as follows:

- For all application workloads:
  - Workloads are scaled in sets of 8 workloads
  - o 70% of response times for I/O's must not exceed 30ms
  - All storage must reside on the storage system under test
  - o The replay time must complete within 1 hour and 15 seconds for each 1 hour workload
- For hypervisor operations:
  - Each set of 21 workloads must run 1 instance of the following workloads:
    - Clone, deploy, boot, software upgrade, VM deletion
    - Storage migration (aka Storage vMotion) between storage volumes

#### More Information about IOmark-VM

For more information about the IOmark benchmark, a theory of operations guide, published results and more, visit the official website at <a href="http://www.iomark.org">http://www.iomark.org</a>. Some content is restricted to registered users, so please register on the site to obtain all available information and the latest results.

### **About Evaluator Group**

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